



# Neuroengineering: From Cells to Systems PI: Robert M. Raphael, PhD, Bioengineering, Rice University neuroigert.rice.edu



The goal of this program, led by Dr. Raphael, is to provide students with the educational and research training needed to develop new tools to understand, interface with, model, and manipulate the nervous system. Students in our program will obtain an interdisciplinary understanding of the nervous system from the level of molecular and cellular processes to the level of information processing within neural circuits composed of millions of cells. The long term goal of this research is to develop innovative approaches to the complex challenges of restoring function to individuals suffering from disorders of the nervous system.

## Meet the Trainees

Cohort 1, Appointed August 1, 2014 through July 31, 2016



#### Lexi Crommett

**Dept/Institution:** Neuroscience, BCM **Mentor:** Jeff Yau

### Audiotactile Frequency Integration

**Research Project:** The goal of my research is to investigate how tactile and auditory frequency information is encoded and combined in the human brain. We hypothesize that shared neural mechanisms support auditory and tactile frequency processing, and a single neuronal population receives inputs from both modalities. Using behavioral and functional neuroimaging experiments, I

will investigate crossmodal frequency adaptation by exploiting the fact that neurons change their responsiveness based on stimulus history. After defining how audiotactile input is combined perceptually, I plan to manipulate neural activity in the brain regions involved using transcranial magnetic stimulation to demonstrate causal involvement.



#### **Daniel Gonzales**

**Dept/Institution:** Electrical & Computer Engineering, Rice University **Mentor:** Jacob Robinson *Small Organism Electrophysiology on a Chip* 

**Research Project:** Small organisms such as Drosophila Melanogaster and Caenorhabditis elegans are powerful model systems for the study of neurodegenerative diseases, development, and the relationship between neural activity and behavior. Although high-throughput methods are available for genetic and behavioral assays, contemporary electrophysiology is slow, laborious and highly

invasive, ultimately limiting our ability to link genetic and behavioral characteristics to the activity of the nervous system. In this project, we use suspended, platinum nano-electrodes in a variety of configurations to create easy-to-use, versatile chips for high-throughput electrophysiology in small organisms.



#### **Craig McDonald**

Dept/Institution: Mechancial Engineering, Rice University Design and Control of a Safe, Robust Tendon Actuation System for a New Generation of Wearable Robotic Exoskeletons for Rehabilitation Mentor: Marcie O'Malley

**Research Project:** I I am proposing to design a novel robotic rehabilitation device to be worn on the upper body, also referred to in the robotics community as a powered human exoskeleton. An ideal rehabilitation device would be worn during a patient's activities of daily living without interfering, so that it could provide assistance to the patient as needed, enabling them to

accomplish more tasks and receive more therapy simultaneously. However the stringency of the performance and design constraints on an upper-limb device have kept existing devices tethered to a laboratory setting. My proposed design will eliminate the two primary obstacles, which derive from the actuation system, to making an upper-limb device more effective: undesirable inertia of the device being added to the user's arm, and the need for precise control of the interaction forces between the user and the device.



#### Arun Mehadevan

Dept/Institution: Bioengineering, Rice University Mentor: Amina Qutub Computational Analysis of Multi-Cellular Environment During Neural Progenitor Cell Differentiation

**Research Project:** Cell fate decisions during neural progenitor cell (NPC) differentiation depend on both cellautonomous mechanisms and the influence of neighboring cells. Live-cell imaging has proved to be a powerful tool in visualizing dynamic progenitor cell behavior, but the influence of cellular neighborhood on NPC differentiation has been difficult to quantify. My research focuses

on developing quantitative metrics based on image analysis to help reveal the influence of multicellular environment at different stages of NPC differentiation. In combination with biochemical and electrophysiological assays, this will lead to a deeper understanding of the interplay between multi-cellular influence and internal cell signaling, resulting in a more holistic and predictive model for stem cell differentiation. Ultimately, I hope to shed light on the developmental principles involved in the self-organization of functional neural circuits



#### Jaclyn Patterson

Dept/Institution: Neuroscience, BCM

Mentor: Dora Angelaki

#### Computational Modeling of Autism Spectrum Disorders (ASD)

**Research Project:** My current research project is to develop a computational model of autism spectrum disorders (ASD) based upon a computation performed by neuronal circuits throughout the brain, called divisive normalization. Autism is a complex neuro-developmental disorder that is increasing in prevalence (1 in 68 US children) and is commonly associated with atypical behavior in four domains: communication, stereotyped behavior, sensory perception, and social

interaction. I hypothesize that divisive normalization provides a parsimonious account of perceptual consequences observed in ASD, and may explain the pervasive effects this disorder has on individuals. To explore this hypothesis, I will begin with modeling and performing psychophysical tests involving the primary visual cortex, then test the normalization model across other sensory modalities, and will hopefully use this new perspective on the disorder to illuminate novel behavioral and pharmacological approaches to treating autism.

Administered by:

Gulf nast Quantitative Biomedical Sciences Consortia

www.gulfcoastconsortia.org Questions: Contact Vanessa Herrera herrera@rice.edu, (713)348-4752 The GCC is a collaboration of: Rice University Baylor College of Medicine University of Houston University of Texas Health Science Center at Houston University of Texas Medical Branch at Galveston University of Texas MD Anderson Cancer Center Institute of Biosciences & Technology at Texas A&M Health Science Center